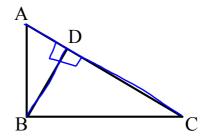
# **DO NOW**

Given:  $\overline{BD} \perp \overline{AC}$ 

Prove:  $\angle ADB \cong \angle CDB$ 



#### Statements

# (1) BD LAC

- 2 LBDA and LBDC are

### Reasons

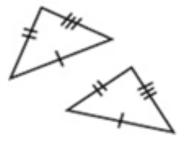
- 1 Given
- 2 L lines form right angles3 All right angles

Oct 12-7:16 AM

### Methods that Prove Triangles Congruent

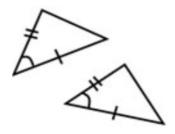
sipe-sipe-sipe

Three sides of a triangle are congruent to three sides of another triangle



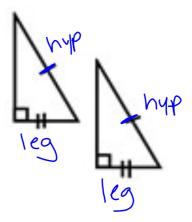
Side-Angle-Side

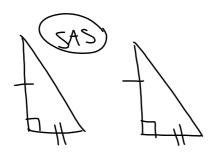
Two sides and the included angle of one triangle are congruent to the same two sides and angle of another triangle



# HL HYPOTENUSE-LEG

The hypotenuse and leg of one right triangle are congruent to the corresponding hypotenuse and leg of another right triangle



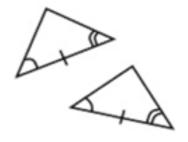


Nov 16-12:46 PM

# ASA

# ANGLE-SIDE-ANGLE

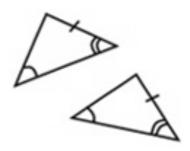
Two angles and the included side of one triangle are congruent to the same two angles and side of another triangle



# AAS

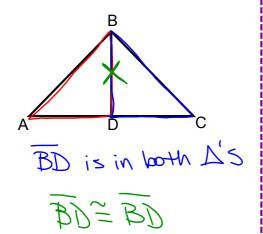
# ANGLE-ANGLE-SIDE

Two angles and the non-included side of one triangle are congruent to the same two angles and side of another triangle



# **Reflexive Property**

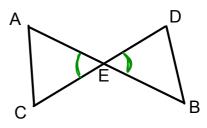
A figure is congruent to itself when it is shared by two triangles



by reflexive property

# Vertical Angles

When two lines intersect, vertical angles are congruent



LAEC = LBED because vertical ('s are congruent)

Oct 30-8:27 AM