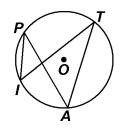
## Name: \_\_\_\_\_ CC Geometry Homework

## Inscribed Angles

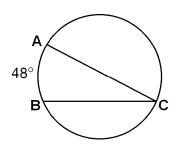
3)

1) The accompanying diagram shows circle O with chords  $\overline{PI}$ ,  $\overline{PA}$ ,  $\overline{IT}$ , and  $\overline{AT}$  drawn.



Which one of the following describes the relationship between angle *PIT* and angle *PAT*?

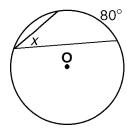
- A) The measure of angle *PIT* is equal to half of the measure of angle *PAT*.
- B) The measure of angle *PIT* is equal to twice the measure of angle *PAT*.
- C) The measure of angle *PIT* is equal to the measure of angle *PAT*.
- D) Angle *PIT* and angle *PAT* are complementary angles.
- 2) In the accompanying diagram, the measure of  $\widehat{AB}$  is 48°.

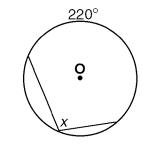


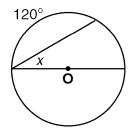
What is the measure of inscribed  $\angle ACB$ ? [Show all work.]

Questions 3 through 5 refer to the following:

For the given circle, find the value of *x*. [*Show all work*.]



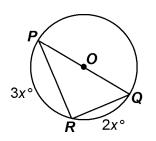




4)

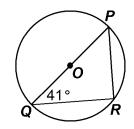
5)

6) In circle O below, 
$$mRQ = 2x^{\circ}$$
 and  $mPR = 3x^{\circ}$ .



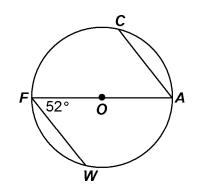


7) In the diagram below, line PQ is a diameter of the circle.



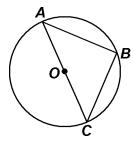
What is the measure of angle *RPQ*?

8) In the accompanying diagram of circle *O*, chords  $\overline{AC}$  and  $\overline{WF}$  are drawn,  $\overline{AOF}$  is a diameter,  $\overline{AC} \parallel \overline{WF}$ , and  $\angle AFW = 52^{\circ}$ .





9) The accompanying diagram shows triangle ABC inscribed in circle O with the measure of arc BC equal to 86°.



What is the measure of angle BCA?

1) C

- 2) 24° WORK SHOWN: m $\angle ACB = \frac{1}{2}(\operatorname{arc} AB) = \frac{1}{2}(48) = 24$
- 3) 40°

WORK SHOWN: 
$$m \angle x = \frac{1}{2}$$
(intercepted arc)  $= \frac{1}{2}(80) = 40$ 

4) 110°

WORK SHOWN:  $m \angle x = \frac{1}{2}$ (intercepted arc)  $= \frac{1}{2}(220) = 110$ 

5) 30°

WORK SHOWN: An inscribed angle is equal to  $\frac{1}{2}$  its intercepted arc; 180 - 120 = 60, m $\angle x = \frac{1}{2}(60) = 30$ 

- 6) 54°
- 7) 49°
- 8) 76°
- 9) 47°