## **DO NOW**

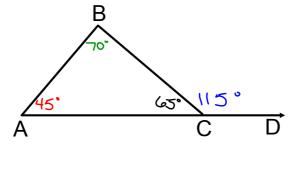
If the degree measures of three angles of a triangle are represented by x + 20, 5x + 50, and 9x - 40, find the degree measure of each angle. Is the triangle acute, obtuse, right or equilateral?

3 acute L's and v+ L 3 acquail L's 
$$X+20+5x+50+9x-40=180$$
 $15x+30=180$ 
 $30^{\circ},50^{\circ},100^{\circ}$ 
 $15x=150$ 
Obtuse  $\Delta$ 
 $X=10$ 

Oct 1-7:45 AM

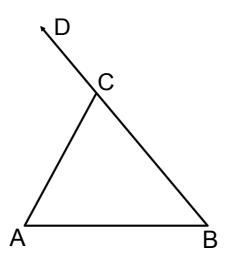
## Exterior Angle of a Triangle Theorem

The exterior angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of the two nonadjacent interior angles of the triangle



 $m \angle A + m \angle B = m \angle BCD$ 

If  $m\angle A = 40$  and  $m\angle B = 20$ , find  $m\angle ACD$ 



Oct 1-7:49 AM

If  $m \angle C = x + 10$ ,  $m \angle D = 3x - 7$  and  $m \angle ABD = 2x + 25$ , find the measure of  $\angle ABD$ 

$$ABD = 47^{\circ}$$

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$$ABD = 3x-7+x+10$$

$$2x+25 = 4x+3$$

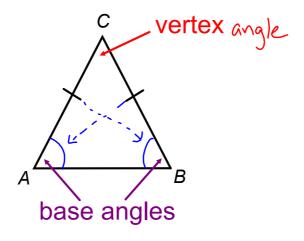
$$22 = 2x$$

$$1 = x$$

## **Isosceles Triangle Theorem**

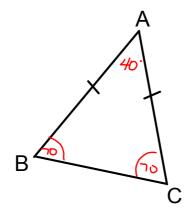
If two sides of a triangle are congruent, the angles opposite those sides are congruent

If 
$$\overline{AC} \cong \overline{BC}$$
, then  $\angle A \cong \angle B$ 

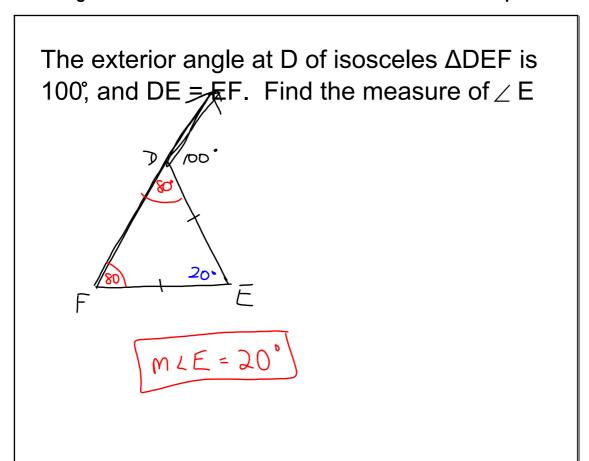


Nov 8-11:00 AM

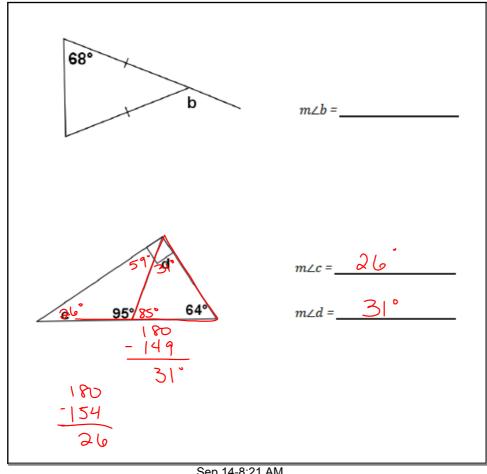
If  $m \angle A = 40$ , find  $m \angle B$ 



MLB= 70°

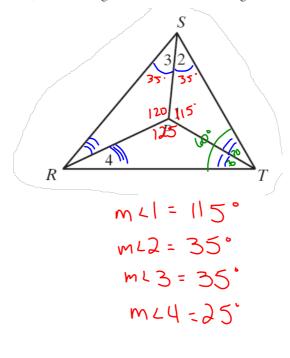


Sep 14-8:26 AM



Sep 14-8:21 AM

In  $\triangle RST$ , the bisectors of the angles meet at point P. If  $m \angle RTS = 60$ ,  $m \angle RPT = 125$ , and  $m \angle RPS = 120$ , find the degree measures of the angles numbered 1 to 4.



Oct 24-12:52 PM