Name: _____ CC Geometry (H)

Date: _____

Parallel Lines Cut by a Transversal

1. Transversal \overrightarrow{EF} intersects \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{CD} , as shown in the diagram below.



Which statement could always be used to prove $\overleftrightarrow{AB} \parallel \overleftrightarrow{CD}$?

- 1) ∠2 ≅ ∠4
- 2) ∠7 ≅ ∠8
- 3) $\angle 3$ and $\angle 6$ are supplementary
- 4) $\angle 1$ and $\angle 5$ are supplementary
- 2. A transversal intersects two lines. Which condition would always make the two lines parallel?
 - 1) Vertical angles are congruent.
 - 2) Alternate interior angles are congruent.
 - 3) Corresponding angles are supplementary.
 - 4) Same-side interior angles are complementary.

3. Based on the diagram below, which statement is true?



4. In the diagram below, transversal \overrightarrow{TU} intersects \overrightarrow{PQ} and \overrightarrow{RS} at V and W, respectively.



If $\mathbf{m} \angle TVQ = 5x - 22$ and $\mathbf{m} \angle VWS = 3x + 10$, for which value of x is $\overrightarrow{PQ} \parallel \overrightarrow{RS}$?

1) 6 2) 16 3) 24 4) 28 5. As shown in the diagram below, lines *m* and *n* are cut by transversal *p*.



If $m \angle 1 = 4x + 14$ and $m \angle 2 = 8x + 10$, lines *m* and *n* are parallel when *x* equals

- 1) 1
- 2) 6
- 3) 13
- 4) 17
- 6. In the diagram below, line *p* intersects line *m* and line *n*.



If $m \angle 1 = 7x$ and $m \angle 2 = 5x + 30$, lines *m* and *n* are parallel when *x* equals

- 1) 12.5
- 2) 15
- 3) 87.5
- 4) 105

7. Line *n* intersects lines *l* and *m*, forming the angles shown in the diagram below.



Which value of *x* would prove $l \parallel m$?

1) 2.5
 2) 4.5
 3) 6.25
 4) 8.75

8. Lines p and q are intersected by line r, as shown below.



If $m \angle 1 = 7x - 36$ and $m \angle 2 = 5x + 12$, for which value of *x* would $p \parallel q$?

- 1) 17
- 2) 24
- 3) 83
- 4) 97

9. Peach Street and Cherry Street are parallel. Apple Street intersects them, as shown in the diagram below.



If $m \angle 1 = 2x + 36$ and $m \angle 2 = 7x - 9$, what is $m \angle 1$?

- 1) 9
- 2) 17
- 3) 54
- 4) 70

10. In the diagram below, line ℓ is parallel to line *m*, and line w is a transversal.





If $m \angle 2 = 3x + 17$ and $m \angle 3 = 5x - 21$, what is $m \angle 1$?

- 1) 19
- 2) 23
- 3) 74
- 4) 86

11. In the diagram below, lines n and m are cut by transversals p and q.



What value of *x* would make lines *n* and *m* parallel?

- 1) 110
- 2) 80
- 3) 70
- 4) 50
- 12. In the diagram below, $\ell \parallel m$ and $\overline{QR} \perp \overline{ST}$ at *R*.



If $m \angle 1 = 63$, find $m \angle 2$.

13. In the diagram below of quadrilateral *ABCD* with diagonal \overline{BD} , $\mathbf{m} \angle A = 93$, $\mathbf{m} \angle ADB = 43$, $\mathbf{m} \angle C = 3x + 5$, $\mathbf{m} \angle BDC = x + 19$, and $\mathbf{m} \angle DBC = 2x + 6$. Determine if \overline{AB} is parallel to \overline{DC} . Explain your reasoning.



Regents Exam Questions G.G.35: Parallel Lines and Transversals 1 www.jmap.org

- 1 ANS: 3 REF: 061320ge
- 2 ANS: 2 REF: 061007ge
- 3 ANS: 4

Lines *b* and *e* intersect and form vertical angles of 120°. Because the unmarked 120° and the marked 60° are same side interior angles and supplementary, $d \parallel e$.

```
REF: 080901ge
4 ANS: 2
   5x - 22 = 3x + 10
       2x = 32
        x = 16
   REF: 061403ge
5 ANS: 3
   4x + 14 + 8x + 10 = 180
              12x = 156
                x = 13
   REF: 081213ge
6 ANS: 2
   7x = 5x + 30
   2x = 30
   x = 15
   REF: 061106ge
7 ANS: 2
   6x + 42 = 18x - 12
       54 = 12x
        x = \frac{54}{12} = 4.5
   REF: 011201ge
8 ANS: 1
   7x - 36 + 5x + 12 = 180
          12x - 24 = 180
              12x = 204
                x = 17
   REF: 011422ge
9 ANS: 4
```

Regents Exam Questions G.G.35: Parallel Lines and Transversals 1 www.jmap.org

 $2x + 36 + 7x - 9 = 180 \text{ m} \angle 1 = 2(17) + 36 = 70$ 9x + 27 = 1809x = 153x = 17REF: 081427ge 10 ANS: 4 $3x + 17 + 5x - 21 = 180 \text{ m} \angle 1 = 3(23) + 17 = 86$ 8x - 4 = 1808x = 184x = 23REF: 011513ge 11 ANS: 3 7x = 5x + 302x = 30x = 15REF: 081109ge 12 ANS: 180 - (90 + 63) = 27REF: 061230ge 13 ANS: Yes, $m \angle ABD = m \angle BDC = 44$ 180 - (93 + 43) = 44 x + 19 + 2x + 6 + 3x + 5 = 180. Because alternate interior 6x + 30 = 1806x = 150x = 25x + 19 = 44

angles $\angle ABD$ and $\angle CDB$ are congruent, \overline{AB} is parallel to \overline{DC} .

REF: 081035ge