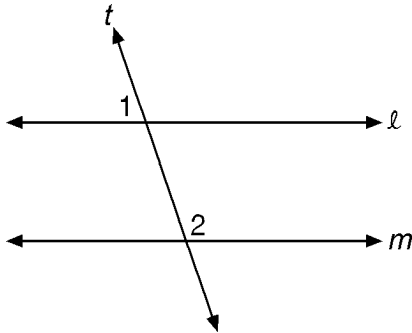


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CC Geometry

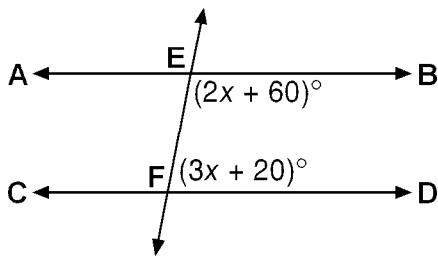
Parallel Lines Cut by a Transversal

- 1) In the accompanying diagram, parallel lines l and m are cut by transversal t .



Which statement about angles 1 and 2 must be true?

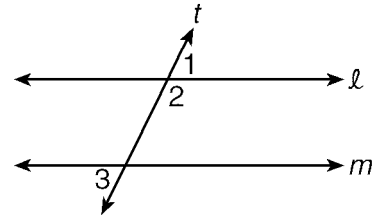
- A) $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$
 B) $\angle 1$ is a complement to $\angle 2$
 C) $\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$ are right angles
 D) $\angle 1$ is a supplement to $\angle 2$
- 2) In the accompanying diagram, \overline{AB} is parallel to \overline{CD} , and \overline{EF} is a transversal.



If $m\angle BEF = (2x + 60)^\circ$ and $m\angle DFE = (3x + 20)^\circ$, what is $m\angle BEF$?

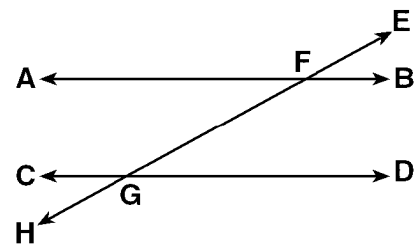
- A) 100° C) 20°
 B) 40° D) 140°

- 3) In the accompanying diagram, line l is parallel to line m and line t is a transversal.



If $m\angle 1 = (2x + 20)^\circ$ and $m\angle 2 = (4x + 10)^\circ$, what is the number of degrees in $m\angle 3$?

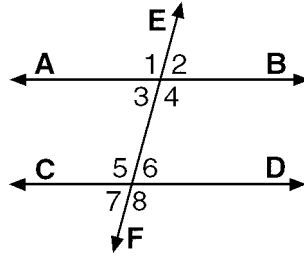
- 4) In the accompanying diagram, \overline{AB} is parallel to \overline{CD} , and transversal \overline{EH} intersects \overline{AB} and \overline{CD} at F and G, respectively.



If $m\angle AFG = (2x + 10)^\circ$ and $m\angle FGD = (x + 20)^\circ$, find the value of x .

Questions 5 and 6 refer to the following:

In the figure below, $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{CD}$.



5) If $m\angle 4 = (2x + 10)^\circ$ and $m\angle 6 = (3x - 20)^\circ$, find the value of x .

6) If $m\angle 2 = (3x + 15)^\circ$ and $m\angle 6 = (5x - 5)^\circ$, find the value of x .

1) D 2) A

3) 70°

4) 10

5) 38

6) 10